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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/725,772	12/01/2003	Luis Serra	57450/1141	3809
35743 7590 06/06/2007 KRAMER LEVIN NAFTALIS & FRANKEL LLP INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT			EXAMINER	
			NGUYEN, PHU K	
	1177 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS NEW YORK, NY 10036		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	2628	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
		•	06/06/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

klpatent@kramerlevin.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summer.	10/725,772	SERRA, LUIS				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Phu K. Nguyen	2628				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be full apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. ' limely filed m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 May 2007</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application.		•				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau	s have been received. s have been received in Applica ity documents have been recei	ition No				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)		PHU.K. NGUYEN PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 2300				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summa					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date Patent Application				

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The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, "said regions" (line 4) has no antecedent basis, since Applicant has not defined any means of said regions. It appears that Applicant means "said subregions."

In claim 2, "the same" (line 2) is unclear as whether it is contradict to the "spatially distinct" in claim 1.

In claim 8, "two subregions whose boundaries have a common plane" (line 3) is unclear as whether it is contradict to the "spatially distinct" in claim 1.

In claim 21, "said regions" (line 8) has no antecedent basis, since Applicant has not defined any means of said regions. It appears that Applicant means "said subregions."

In claim 22, "said regions" (line 6) has no antecedent basis, since Applicant has not defined any means of said regions. It appears that Applicant means "said subregions."

In claim 24, "the same 3D data set" (line 1) is unclear as whether it is contradict to the "spatially distinct" in claim 22.

In claim 25, "said regions" (line 6) has no antecedent basis, since Applicant has not defined any means of said regions. It appears that Applicant means "said subregions."

In claim 28, "region" has no antecedent basis, since Applicant has not defined any means of said regions. It appears that Applicant means "said subregions."

The remaining claims are rejected since they are dependent upon the rejected claims.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The claimed feature of "spatially distinct" in the independent claims are not specifically defined in the original disclosure.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by ROCKRO et al. (Planning and Simulation of Neurosurgery in a Virtual Reality Environment).

As per claim 1, Rockro teaches the claimed "method of displaying 3D data", comprising: "providing at least one 3D data set defined by a 3D co-ordinate system" (Rockro, page 123, figure 2); "providing two or more subregions within the coordinate system; said regions being bounded in three dimensions" (Rockro, page 123, column 2, section Segmentation; and page 126, figure 6 shows an example of subdivisions of tumor, sinus, and cerebral arteries); "assigning a set of display rules to each subregion" (Rockro, page 124, column 1; section Visualization; and page 126, figure 6 shows the different colors assigned to tumor, sinus, and cerebral arteries); "displaying part, all or none of a 3D data set in each subregion according to the rules assigned to that subregion" (Rockro, page 126, figure 6 shows the blue tumor, pink sinus, and red arteries); "wherein said two or more subregions are spatially distinct and wherein their boundaries can be modified by a user" (Rockro, the blue tumor, pink sinus, and red arteries are spatially distinct).

RESPONSE TO APPLICANT'S ARGUMENTS:

Applicant's arguments filed May 7, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive. During the interview on February 27, 2007, the term "spatially distinct" is suggested to clarify the distinction between the Rockro reference

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and the applicant's invention; specifically, the difference in the displays of subregions in Rockro's figure 6 and Applicant's figure 26. However, the term "spatially distinct" seems not good enough to distinct Reckro's "blue tumor, pink sinus, and red arteries."

Applicant should work out some other terms to make clear distinction.

Claim 2 adds into claim 1 "the 3D data set displayed in each subregion is the same, but the display rules are different" (Rockro, for marking purpose, the voxels are painted and changed to different colors; page 125, column 1).

Claim 3 adds into claim 1 "the 3D data set displayed in each display subregion is unique to that display subregion" (Rockro, Data Registration, page 122, column 2; the data is registered uniquely for each display subregion).

Claim 4 adds into claim 3 "the 3D data sets displayed in each display subregion are 3D scans of a human or animal body or portion thereof using different sensing modalities" (Rockro, the fusion of CT, MRI data sets; page 123, column 1).

Claim 5 adds into claim 4 "said sensing modalities comprise one or more of CT, MR, PET, SPECT and US" (Rockro, the fusion of CT, MRI data sets; page 123, col. 1).

Claim 6 adds into claim 1 "the subregions comprise volumes, 2D surfaces, and points" (Rockro, the displayed 3D objects comprising 3D volume, 2D slice, or points;

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page 124, figures 3-4).

Claim 7 adds into claim 1 "the doundaries of at least one subregion define a rectangular crop box" (Rockro, the cut, crop, clip tools; page 124, column 1, section Surgical Planning).

Claim 8 adds into claim 7 "two subregions whose boundaries have a common plane" (Rockro, the side plans of the box divides the object into individual segments; page 128, figure 7).

Claim 9 adds into claim 1 "a user can define one or more boundary planes that divide a given region into two or more display subregions" (Rockro, the cut or clip tool; page 124, column 1, section Surgical Planning).

Claim 10 adds into claim 9 "the boundary planes are parallel to one or more surfaces of a 3D data set" (Rockro, the processed object is displayed with any orientation according to its rotation; page 124, column 1, or page 125, column 1).

Claim 11 adds into claim 1 "the boundaries of the display subregions and the set of display rules for each display subregion are defined by a user" (Rockro, the user manipulation of object's color; page 124, column 1, section: visualization).

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Claim 12 adds into claim 11 "the boundaries of the display subregions and the set of display rules for each display subregion are defined by system defaults which can be modified by a user" (Rockro, Restoration/Modification of the default original color; page 125, column 1).

Claim 13 adds into claim 1 "when a user modifies the boundaries, points in a 3D data set now located in a new display subregion are displayed according to the corresponding new display rules in substantially real time as the boundaries change" (Rockro, page 124, column 1 to page 125, column 1; section Visualization and Surgical Planning).

Claim 14 adds into claim 13 "said variation of the boundaries of said subregions includes one or more of translation, rotation, scaling, shear, linear warping or non-linear warping" (Rockro, page 124, column 1 to page 125, column 1; section Visualization and Surgical Planning includes the object manipulations).

Claim 15 adds into claim 1 "all voxels in the subregion need not be contiguous" (Rockro, the example of bone removal displays two separate parts of the surgery bone; page 125, column 2).

Claim 16 adds into claim 11 "a user defines or modifies said boundaries and/or display rules via an interactive object within the display" (Rockro, page 124, column 1 to

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page 125, column 1; section Visualization and Surgical Planning includes the object manipulations).

Claim 17 adds into claim 12 "a user defines or modifies said boundaries and/or display rules via an interactive object within the display" (Rockro, page 124, column 1 to page 125, column 1; section Visualization and Surgical Planning includes the object manipulations).

Claim 18 adds into claim 11 "a user defines or modifies said boundaries and/or display rules via a mouse, trackball, joystick or other spatial 2D input peripheral" (Rockro, the 2D interface in page 119, column 1 or the virtual stylus in figure 1 page 122 and figure 2, page 123).

Claim 19 adds into claim 12 "a user defines or modifies said boundaries and/or display rules via a mouse, trackball, joystick or other spatial 2D input peripheral" (Rockro, the 2D interface in page 119, column 1 or the virtual stylus in figure 1 page 122 and figure 2, page 123).

Claim 20 adds into claim 1 "the 3D data set displayed in each display subregion is stored as one of volume raster data or geometric constructs" (Rockro, page 122,

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column 1, section Data Loading).

Claims 21-22 claim a computer program based on the method of claims 1-20; therefore, they are rejected under the same reason.

Claim 23 adds into claim 1 "one or more 3D data sets are displayed in each subregion" (Rockro, the Fusion of CT and MRI image data; page 123, col. 1).

Claim 24 adds into claim 1 "the same 3D data set is displayed to each display subregion" (Rockro, the display data is rendered from one or more data set).

As per claim 25, Rockro teaches the claimed "method of displaying 3D data in a 3D display system", comprising: "loading one or more 3D data sets into a 3D display system, each 3D data set being defined by a 3D coordinate system and being bound in three dimensions" (Rockro, data loading; page 122, column 1); "providing two or more subregions within 3D coordinate system, said regions being bounded in three dimensions" (Rockro, page 123, column 2, section Segmentation; and page 126, figure 6 shows an example of subdivisions of tumor, sinus, and cerebral arteries); "assigning one or more 3D data sets to each display subregion; assigning a set of display rules to each display subregion" (Rockro, page 124, column 1; section Visualization; and page 126, figure 6 shows the different colors assigned to tumor, sinus, and cerebral arteries); "displaying part, all or none of a 3D data set in each display subregion according to the

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rules assigned to that subregion" (Rockro, page 126, figure 6 shows the blue tumor, pink sinus, and red arteries); "wherein said two or more subregions are spatially distinct and wherein their boundaries can be modified by a user" (Rockro, the blue tumor, pink

sinus, and red arteries are spatially distinct).

RESPONSE TO APPLICANT'S ARGUMENTS:

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Applicant should work out some other terms to make clear distinction.

Claim 26 adds into claim 25 "one of the 3D data sets is displayed in each display subregion" (Rockro, the Fusion of CT and MRI image data; page 123, col. 1).

Claim 27 adds into claim 25 "only one 3D data set is displayed in each subregion" (Rockro, the display data is rendered from one or more data set).

Claim 28 adds into claim 3 "the 3D data sets displayed in each region are surface

renderings of polygonal data sets" (Rockro, skin surface of the MRI medical object; page 124, column 2).

Claim 29 adds into claim 25 "in at least one subregion at least two 3D data sets are displayed" (Rockro, Data Registration, page 122, column 2; the data is registered uniquely for each display subregion).

Claim 30 adds into claim 1 "said subregions can be rotated or translated by a user within the 3D co-ordinate system" (Rockro, figure 2B and 2D; page 123).

This action has been made NON-FINAL.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phu K. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272 7645. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Razavi can be reached on (571) 272 7664. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Phu K. Nguyen May 29, 2007 PHU K. NGUYEN
PRIMARY EXAMINER
GROUP 2300